

University of Nairobi
Institute of Anthropology, Gender and African Studies
B. A. Gender and Development Studies

NGE 105: Inter-disciplinary Approaches to Gender Analysis
Lecturer: Dr. Khamati Shilabukha

COURSE OUTLINE

Objectives of the Course

- To help students understand the concept of gender analysis
- Provide students with insights into the cross-cutting nature of gender
- Help students apply concepts of analysis in their professional work

Course Content

1. Gender as a cross-cutting issue
 - a. Definitions of cross cutting issues and gender analysis
 - b. Gender at the interface;
2. Gender analysis of the social sciences and humanities
 - a. Anthropology
 - b. Sociology
 - c. Psychology
 - d. Economics
 - e. History
3. Gender analysis in the biophysical disciplines
 - a. analysis of gender issues in biology and ecology
 - b. environmental sciences in anthropology
 - c. Engendering the physical and biological sciences
4. Engendering the corporate world
 - a. Gender dynamics
 - b. Discrimination along gender lines
 - c. Commodity and service markets
 - d. Addressing gender issues in the corporate world
5. Gender analysis in agribusiness and farm management
 - a. Gender roles and equality in Agribusiness
 - b. Access to and control over resources
 - c. Value chain and assumptions
 - d. Benefits and compensation
6. Gender analysis Media and the Arts
 - a. Mainstreaming gender in the media
 - b. Popular culture
 - c. Gender analysis in the literal world;
7. Gender analysis in the world of politics
 - a. The state, equity and good governance

- b. civil society
 - c. Achieving balanced participation of women and men in political and public decision-making
 - d. Achieving gender mainstreaming in all policies and measures
8. Engendering the legal world.
- a. Combating gender stereotypes and sexism
 - b. Preventing and combating violence against women through laws and policies.
 - c. Guaranteeing equal access of women and men to justice

Baden, S. and Goetz, A (1998) Who Needs [Sex] when you can have [Gender]?' in C Jackson and R Pearson (eds.) *Feminist Visions of Development*, London: Routledge.

Beneria, L., (2003), Paid and Unpaid Labor: Meanings and Debates', in *Gender, Development and Globalization: Economics as if all People Mattered*, New York: Routledge, pp131-160.

Blau, F., Ferber, M. and Winkler, A., 1998. *The economics of women, men and work*, London: Prentice Hall

Di Leonardo, M. (1991), Gender, Culture and Political Economy: Feminist Anthropology in Historical Perspective' in *Gender at the Crossroads of Knowledge*, Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press.

D'Souza, Rohan 2013. *Environment, Technology and Development: Critical and Subversive Essays*, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.

Esplen, E., and Jolly, S., *Gender and Sex: A Sample of Definitions*' London: Routledge

Fontana, M. (2007) 'Modelling the Effects of Trade on Women at Work and at Home: Comparative Perspectives' in van Staveren, I., Elson, D., Grown, C. and Cagatay, N. (eds), *The Feminist Economics of Trade*, London: Routledge

Kabeer N, (1994) Benevolent Dictators in Reversed Realities; chapter five, London: Verso, pp. 95-135.

Moore, H.L. (1988) *Feminism and Anthropology*, Ch.2, Cambridge: Polity Press, pp. 12-41.

Moore, H.L, 2007. *The Subject of Anthropology: gender, symbolism and psychoanalysis*, New York: Polity Press.

Ortner, S. (1974) Is Female to Male as Nature is to Culture? in M. Rosaldo and L. Lamphere (eds.), *Women, Culture and Society*, Stanford University Press, pp. 67-88.

Williams, E. 1994. *The physical and the moral: Anthropology, physiology and philosophical medicine in France 1750-1850*, Cambridge: New York.